WE ASK EVERYONE

Drinking too much alcohol can cause health problems or make some problems worse. About 25% of adults drink at levels that could harm their health or put themselves at risk of harming others, but they do not have a severe problem with alcohol.

To provide the best care possible, we ask everyone about alcohol.

Negative Effects of Heavy and Binge Drinking



Depression • Anxiety • Aggressive behavior • Insomnia • Memory loss



Stroke • Hypertension • Heart failure • Premature aging Alcohol poisoning or overdose



Cancer of the throat and mouth • Breast cancer • Colon cancer • Other cancers



Anemia • Blood clotting • Vitamin deficiency • Bleeding



Frequent colds • Reduced resistance to infection • Increased risk of pneumonia



Type 2 Diabetes • Liver damage • Inflammation of the pancreas



Stomach Inflammation • Diarrhea • Malnutrition



Painful nerves • Numb, tingling toes • Impaired sensation leading to falls



Risk of fetal alcohol spectrum disorders which include physical, behavioral, and learning disabilities



Risks related to sex: Unsafe sex • Unintended pregnancy • Erectile dysfunction Sexually transmitted infections



Failure to fulfill obligations at work, school, or home • Financial problems



Motor vehicle crashes • Injury • Violence • Legal problems

 $Adapted\ from\ WHO\ AUDIT\ Manual.\ http://apps.who.int/iris/bitstream/10665/67205/1/WHO_MSD_MSB_01.6a.pdf\ and\ SBIRT\ Oregon\ Reference\ Sheet.\ http://www.sbirtoregon.org/resources/SBIRT-reference-sheet.pdf$

PAS PeerAssistance Services



www.sbirtcolorado.org

866.369.0039

What is one drink?

It's easy to underestimate how much one drink is.



Win





Craft beers may contain [or often contain] a higher level of alcohol (ABV) than regular beer.

12 oz

AVOID ALCOHOL IF YOU:

- Take medications that interact with alcohol
- Have a health condition made worse by alcohol
- · Plan to drive a vehicle or operate machinery
- Are under 21 years of age
- Are pregnant or trying to become pregnant

Lower Risk Drink Limits

No more than...

	THO THOTE CHAITI	
	PER DAY	PER WEEK
WOMEN	3 ar	nd 7
MEN	4 ar	nd 14
MEN (OVER 65)	3 ar	nd 7
	LESS IS BETTER	

Assess your risk

Talk to your health care provider or assess your own risk at:



screeningtools.peerassistanceservices.org